

<u>SMSC</u>



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Animals Including Humans	Living things and their habitats	Animals Including Humans	Animals Including Humans	Forces	Animals including Humans
	Children learn about the human	Children learn about the life	Children learn that animals,	Children will learn about the simple	Children will learn about the force	Children learn about the different
	body. They name and identify	processes that all living things must	including humans, need the right	functions of the basic parts of the	of gravity and other forces such as	parts of the circulatory system. They
	different body parts and understand	do to survive. They learn about	types and amount of nutrition. They	digestive system in humans. They	air resistance, water resistance and	will learn how nutrients and water
	which body part is associated with	things that are dead, alive or have	will learn about the different	will identify the different types of	friction. They will learn about	are transported in animals.
9	each of our five senses.	never been alive. Children learn	nutrients animals gain from eating	teeth in humans and learn their	mechanisms including levers,	
		about different habitats in their local	foods. They will learn about different	simple functions. Children will	pulleys and gears.	Moral issues around respecting other
-	Opportunity for discussion about our	area and around the world.	diets – herbivores, carnivores and	construct and interpret a variety of		species and other humans,
	bodies and privacy. Demonstrate		omnivores.	food chains, identifying producers,	Exploration of different forces and	environmental issues & social
<u>_~</u>	tolerance by working in groups to	Promotes spiritual development when		predators and prey.	how those forces act upon objects.	responsibility. Promotes tolerance
<u> </u>	carry out an investigation.	learning about different habitats	When learning about the diets of	Children learn about themselves by	Pupils learn about key scientists –	and mutual respect by addressing
Weeks		around the world. Moral	different animals, children will begin	finding out about their digestive	e.g. Newton – and their discoveries.	weaknesses and differences in how
>		responsibility to protect our	to discuss vegetarians and vegans –	system. Promotes discussion	Encourages discussion of secular vs	many countries, including Britain,
		environment.	they will be accepting and tolerant	regarding animal rights, the ethical	non-secular belief systems and	care for the environment
			of others. Promotes discussion	treatment of animals and the	people's freedom to choose.	
			regarding animal rights, the ethical	morality of eating them		
			treatment of animals and the			
			morality of eating them.			
CDACC Chand	1c, 2a, 2b, 3a, 3c	1c, 2c	1c, 2a, 2b, 2c	1c, 2a, 2b, 2c	1a, 1b, 1c, 2c, 4a	1c, 2c. 3c
SMSC Strand	ic, zu, zb, 3u, 3c	10, 20		10, 20, 20, 20	1u, 1b, 1c, 2c, 4u	10, 20. 50
	Animals Including Humans	Living things and their habitats	Animals Including Humans	Electricity	Earth and Space	Evolution and inheritance
	Children learn about the different	Children will identify and name a	Children learn that humans and	Children will learn about common	Children will learn about the	Children will learn that living things
	animal groups, naming animals from	variety of plants and animals in	some other animals have skeletons	appliances that run on electricity.	movement of the Earth and other	have changed over time. They will
	each group and identifying their	different habitats. They will learn	and muscles for support, protection	They will construct a simple series	planets relative to the sun in the	learn about the theory of natural
12	features. They learn about the	about the basic needs of living things	and movement. They will name the	electrical circuit They will learn how	solar system. They will explain day	selection by adaptation. They will
	structure of different animals.	to survive. Children learn about how	different bones and muscles in the	to work safely with electricity.	and night using ideas of Earth's	learn about evolution and the work
		living things are adapted to suit their	human body. They will begin to		rotation	of Charles Darwin.
	Promotes spiritual development when	habitat. Children describe how	learn about different bone disorders	Children find out about how the rule		
eks	learning about the animals in the	animals obtain their food from	that can affect our movement.	of law protects people and how each	Pupils learn about the world	Looking at Charles Darwin and his
<u>o</u>	world around. Also our moral	plants and other animals, using the		of us has a moral duty to ensure	around us, our place in the wider	Theory of Evolution, in contrast to -
l le	responsibility to protect and take	idea of a simple food chain.	Children learn about themselves by	safety.	universe and how advances in	but mutually respectful of - world
5	care of animals.		finding out about their bones and		science shaped how we see the	religions, cultural impact of the
		Demonstrate tolerance and develop	muscles.		world. Topic explores scientific	theory etc.
		social skills by working in groups to			achievements and how we use	
		carry out an investigation.			science to explore the farthest	
			1c		reaches of the universe. 1a, 1c, 1d	1a, 1b, 1c, 1d 2a, 2b, 2c 3a, 3b, 3c 4a,





<u>SMSC</u>



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Seasonal Change: Autumn to Winter	Animals Including Humans	Light	States of Matter	Properties and changes of materials	Light
Weeks 13 - 18	Children will observe seasonal changes between the seasons of autumn and winter. They will observe the weather and learn about hibernating animals. Children will understand how day length varies. Children will develop their fascination and understanding of the world around them.	Children learn that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults. They learn about the basic needs of animals. <i>Opportunity for discussion about</i> <i>our moral responsibility to protect</i> <i>and take care of animals.</i>	Compare and group materials Children learn that they need light in order to see things and that light is reflected from surfaces. They learn that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes. Children find out that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object. <i>Children will use social skills to</i> <i>investigate the properties of light and</i> <i>how it travels. They will need to work</i> <i>democratically to carry out short</i> <i>investigations and build conclusions.</i>	Children learn about different states of matter. They will observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled. <i>Children will use social skills to</i> <i>investigate changes of state by</i> <i>heating and cooling. They will use a</i> <i>thermometer to measure.</i>	Children learn about material properties. They will learn that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution. Exploration of the scientific properties of a range of materials, reversible & irreversible changes and the classification of materials based on their properties. Encourages discussion of secular vs non-secular belief systems and people's freedom to choose.	Children learn that light appears to travel in straight lines and explain how objects are seen. They will use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them. <i>Children learn about themselves</i> when learning how the eye sees. They will develop their fascination and understanding of the world around them.
SMSC Strand	1c	2α	1c, 1e, 3a, 3c	За	1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 4a	1c
	Everyday Materials	Animals Including Humans	Forces and Magnets	States of Matter	Properties and changes of materials	Electricity
Weeks 19 - 25	Children will learn to distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. They will identify and name a variety of everyday materials, and describe their properties. <i>Demonstrate tolerance and use social</i> <i>skills by working in groups to carry out</i> <i>an investigation.</i>	Children will learn the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. <i>Children learn about themselves by</i> <i>developing their knowledge about</i> <i>exercise, food and hygiene.</i>	Children will learn about forces, including magnetic forces. They will observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others. They will explore the magnetism of everyday materials. Children will demonstrate tolerance by working in groups to investigate. Children will work democratically to plan investigations.	Children will identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle. Learning about different states of matter, leading to discussion of the ethics and dilemmas surrounding clean water supply. Does everyone have a right under the rule of law to have clean water? What are the social implications of having polluted water?	Children use knowledge of states of matter to decide how mixtures can be separated. They will learn about reversible and irreversible reactions. Exploration of the scientific properties of a range of materials, reversible & irreversible changes and the classification of materials based on their properties. Encourages discussion of secular vs non-secular belief systems and people's freedom to choose.	Children learn about the different components of a circuit and find out about voltage. They use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. Explores how electricity is generated and the environmental impact this has. Also looks at its application and safe usage of electricity. Looks at how the rule of law protects people and how each of us have a moral duty to be responsible with it.
SMSC Strand	3α	1c	3α	1b, 2a, 2b, 2c	1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 4a	1a, 1b, 1c, d 2a, 2b, 2c 3a, 3b, 3c 4a, 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e







<u>SMSC</u>



	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Seasonal Change: Spring to Summer	Plants	Plants	Sound	Living things and their habitats	Living things and their habitats
Weeks 26 - 31	Children will observe seasonal changes between the seasons of spring and summer. They will observe the weather. Children will understand how day length varies. Children will develop their fascination and understanding of the world around them.	Children will learn about seeds and bulbs and will find out how they grow into a mature plant. They will find out how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. <i>Promotes discussion about our moral duty to care for our</i> <i>environment and the living things</i> <i>within it. Children will work</i> <i>together to investigate what plants</i> <i>need to grow.</i>	Children learn about the functions of different flowering plants. They learn what plants need for life and growth. Children find out how water is transported in plants. They will learn about the parts of a flower. <i>Children will learn how plants</i> grow, the different conditions in which they grow and the requirements they need for of life. They will pull on social skills and must work democratically to carry out long-term investigations.	Children learn how how sounds are made. They will find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it. Children will also find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it. They will recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases. <i>Learn about different cultural</i> <i>traditions regarding music. Talk</i> <i>about the rights of the citizen, under</i> <i>the rule of law e.g. to celebrate their</i> <i>culture freely, to enjoy a quiet</i> <i>environment.</i>	Children will learn about the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird. They will describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. Children learn about their own life cycle, as well as the life cycles of other animals in the world around them.	Children learn how living things are classified into broad groups. They will give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. Understanding other species' habitats, the impact of humanity on our eco-systems and endangered species. Explores environmental impacts & social responsibility. Promotes tolerance and mutual respect by addressing a range of different topics and our moral responsibility to protect the environment.
SMSC Strand	1c	1c, 2c, 3a	1b, 1c	1b, 1c, 3b, 4d, 4e	1c	2c, 4e
	Plants	Uses of Everyday Materials	Rocks	Living things and their habitats	Animals Including Humans	Animals Including Humans
Weeks 32 - 37	Children will learn about common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. They will identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. Children will develop their fascination and understanding of the world around them. Promotes discussion about our moral duty to care for our environment and the living things within it.	Children will learn about the suitability of everyday materials for particular uses. They will find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed. Promotes discussion about the uses of materials and how we dispose of materials through landfill and recycling. Consider our moral duty to protect our environment. Demonstrate tolerance and use social skills by working in groups to carry out an investigation.	Children learn about different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties. They find out how fossils are formed. They will learn that soil is made from rock and organic matter. Children will demonstrate tolerance by working in groups to investigate scientific questions. Children will learn about their surroundings and their past through fossils. They will pull on social skills and must work democratically to plan investigations.	Children will learn that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. They will find out about classification keys. Children will recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. Understanding other species' habitats, the impact of humanity on our eco-systems and endangered species. Explores environmental impacts & social responsibility. Promotes tolerance and mutual respect by addressing a range of different topics and our moral responsibility to protect the environment	Children learn about the changes that happen as humans develop to old age. Learning about human reproduction, life cycles and how the human animal changes over time. Promotes spiritual and moral aspects in the need for caring for those no longer able to do so themselves.	Children learn about the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. The theme supports 'independence' and 'interdependence'. Explores diet, hygiene and physical fitness. The international aspect of the work can be found in the range of physical types and skills; varying cultural views of body image; and the values different societies place on the young, the elderly and the disabled.
SMSC Strand	1c, 2c	1c, 2c	1a, 1b, 2c, 4e	2c, 4e	1a, 1b, 1c, 1d	1a, 1b, 1c, 1d 2a, 2b, 2c 3a, 3b, 3c 4a, 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e



