Year 3: Tudors Knowledge Organiser



Subject Specific Vocabulary		Interesting Book	Sticky Knowledge about
Monarch	A leader of a country, e.g a King or a Queen.	DE EYEWITNESS	the Tudors
Medieval	The Middle Ages – the period of history from 500 AD to 1500 AD.	HURDER Here and the set of and the set Here and the set of and the set of and the set Here and the set of and the set	There were six Tudor monarchs who ruled England from 1485-1603
Legacy	Anything handed down from the past.		Religion was very important in Tudor times. Everyone had to go to church. If you didn't attend the same church as the monarch, you might get arrested, thrown into the Tower of London, or even executed.
Reformation	The act of changing (reforming) something. In this case, the reformation of the church to remove the Pope's control.		
			Henry VIII had six wives.
		Important facts to know by the end of the Tudor topic	Henry VII created the Church of England so he could divorce his first wife.
Alliance	A group of countries, political parties, or people who have agreed to work together.	 The beliefs and attitudes of Henry VIII. Who Henry VIII's six wives were and why he married six times. Why Henry VIII created the Church of England. The significance of religion at that time and how it changed. To know who the Tudors and their monarchs were. To know how the Tudors influenced Britain. To know about life in Tudor Britain, including culture and leisure activities. 	People in Tudor times didn't eat with a fork – they ate using knives, spoons and their fingers.
Heir	The person next in line to throne who will take over when the current King or Queen dies.		Tudor houses had a wooden frame with walls made from 'wattle and daub' – a building material with wooden strips covered with mud, clay and wet soil. The walls were then painted white.
Rebellion	Violent action organised by a group of people who are trying to change something.		
Parliament	Where politicians meet to decide laws and make decisions.		The Tudor rose was formed after The Battle of Bosworth which was a war between York and Lancaster.
Military	The armed forces of a country.		The Tudors influenced many things in the UK, including – the Royal Navy, the Royal Mail and laws for poorer people.
Devout	Deeply religious and devoted their beliefs.		