



REMEMBRANCE KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER - YEAR 4



VOCABULARY

Armistice	A truce; a ceasefire; an agreement for peace.
Armistice Day 11.11.1918	The day that Germany signed an armistice/ceasefire agreement with the Allied Powers at 11am on 11 th November 1918, bringing World War I to an end, marking victory for the Allies and defeat for Germany.
Memorial	Something designed to preserve/keep the memory of a person/event.
Armistice Day	These mean the same thing – a memorial day to remember the courage, service and sacrifice members of the armed forces who have died in the line of duty This is ALWAYS on 11 th November at 11am as it marks the day and time WWI ended. There is always a 2 minute silence at 11am on this day.
Remembrance Day	
Remembrance Sunday	This falls on the second Sunday in November every year. This commemorates British service members who have died in wars and military conflicts since the start of WWI. The date of Remembrance Sunday changes yearly. There are usually ceremonies at war memorials, cenotaphs and churches throughout the country.
Royal British Legion	Royal British Legion is a British charity that provides financial, social and emotional support to members and veterans of the British Armed forces, their families and dependants.
King George V	On the 7.11.1919, he ordered that a 2 minute silence should come into place to pay respects to those who died in WWI. This started on the first anniversary 11.11.1919
The 'fallen'	Soldiers who have been killed in a war.
Culture	The idea, customs and social behaviour of people/society
Allies	Two or more countries who are working together towards the same purpose as a result of an agreement. Eg In the case of WWII these were countries who opposed Germany and its allies (known as the Axis powers)
Allied forces	Armies from different countries who are fighting on the same side in a war.
Neutral countries	Those who don't take sides.
Conflicts	A serious disagreement/argument – in this case war.
Wreath	An arrangement of flowers, leaves or stems fastened in a ring/circle.
Symbolise	This means to represent.
Evergreen	A plant that keeps its green leaves throughout the year.
Eternal	Lasting or existing forever – without end.



Cenotaph with wreaths laid.



King George V
Reigned the UK from 1910 - 1936

Throughout history, the circular shape of a wreath has symbolised eternal life, for a circle has no beginning or end. Evergreen symbolises growth and eternal life.



Nowadays, the money raised from the 'Poppy Appeal' is used to help servicemen and women who are still alive, whose lives have been changed in wars that they have fought in plus those who've lost loved ones because of wars.

The poppy is a symbol to remember those who have lost their lives in conflicts around the world.

The first Poppy Day took place 3 years after the end of WWI on 11.11.1919.

The Royal British Legion founder – Earl Haig was persuaded to adopt the poppy as an emblem for the Legion in the UK

The first 'Poppy Appeal' in the UK organised by the Royal British Legion raised over £106,000. Money raised helped ex-soldiers with housing and jobs.

Did you know....that the Royal British Legion was founded on 15th May 1921 and the first poppies made were constructed from silk?

The poppy was chosen to remember those who died in battle as these were the flowers that grew on the battlefields after WWI ended.

'In Flanders Fields' by John McCrae is a famous poem which describes these fields of poppies and war.

The poppy factory in England is in Richmond, London.

