

Year 5: Forces Knowledge Mat

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Power of reading	Sticky Knowledge about Forces
friction gravity	Friction is a force between two surfaces that are sliding, or trying to slide, across each other.Gravity is a force which tries to pull two objects toward each other.		 Frictional force is any force that is caused due to friction. An example of this might be when you put on the brakes on your bike.
air resistance water	Air resistance is a type of friction between air and another material. For example, when an aeroplane flies through the air. If you go swimming, there is friction between your skin and the water particles.		Gravity is the pulling force acting between the Earth and a falling object, for example when you drop something. Gravity pulls objects to the ground.
resistance levers	A lever can be described as a long rigid body with a fulcrum along its length. Pulley is a simple machine and comprises of		Surface resistance is the force on objects moving across a surface, such as an ice-skater skating on ice.
pulleys	a wheel on a fixed axle, with a groove along the edges to guide a rope or cable.	Important facts to know by the end of the forces topic:	Any kind of force is really just a push or a pull.
gears	Gears are wheels with teeth that slot together. When one gear is turned the other one turns as well.	 know what gravity is and its impact on our lives. identify and know the effect of air resistance. identify and know the effect of water resistance. identify and know the effect of friction. explain how levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater effect. know who Isaac Newton and Galileo were. 	Air resistance is the force on an object moving through air, such as a plane moving through the sky. Air resistance affects how fast or slowly objects move
parachute	A parachute is a device used to slow down an object that is falling towards the ground. As the parachute opens, the Air resistance increases.		 through the air Water resistance is the force on objects floating on or moving in water.
Galileo	Galileo developed the telescope to enable close observation of the night sky.		 Magnetic force is an invisible force created by electrons. Magnetic force
Newton	During his lifetime Newton developed the theory of gravity and made breakthroughs in the area of optics such as the reflecting telescope.		controls magnetism and electricity.