***Oranges Are Not The Only Fruit* – from chapter 1**

My mother and I walked on towards the hill that stood at the top of our street.

We lived in a town stolen from the valleys, a huddled place full of chimneys

and little shops and back-to-back houses with no gardens, The hills surrounded

us, and swept out into the Pennines, broken now and again with a farm or a

relic from the war. There used to be a lot of old tanks but the council took them 5

away. The town was a fat blot and the streets spread back from it into the

green, steadily upwards.

Our house was almost at the top of a long, stretchy street. A flagged street with

a cobbly road. When you climbed to the top of the hill and looked down you

could see everything. Over to the right was the viaduct and behind the viaduct 10

was where we had the fair once a year. I was allowed to go there on condition I

brought back a tub of black peas for my mother. Black peas are like rabbit

droppings to look at and they come in a thin gravy made of stock and gypsy

mush but they taste wonderful. The gypsies made a mess and stayed up all

night and my mother called them breeders but on the whole we got on very well. 15

They turned a blind eye to toffee apples going missing, and sometimes, if it was

quiet and you didn't have enough money, they still let you have a ride on the

dodgems. We used to have fights round the caravans, the ones like me, from the

street, we fought the posh ones from the Avenue. The posh ones went to Brownies

and didn't stay for school dinners. 20

Once, when I was collecting the black peas, about to go home, the old gypsy

woman got hold of my hand. I thought she was going to bite me. She looked at

my palm and laughed a bit. 'You'll never marry,' she said, 'not you, and you'll

never be still.' She didn't take any money for the peas, and she told me to run

home fast. I ran and ran, trying to understand what she meant. I hadn't thought 25

about getting married anyway. There were two women I knew who didn't have

any husbands at all; they were old though, as old as my mother. They owned the

paper shop and sometimes, on a Wednesday, they gave me a banana bar with

my comic. I liked them a lot, and talked about them a lot to my mother. One day

they asked me if I'd like to go to the seaside with them. I ran home, gabbled out 30

their invitation, and was busy emptying my money box to buy a new spade,

when my mother said firmly and forever, no. I couldn't understand why not, and

she wouldn't explain. She didn't even let me go back to say I couldn't. Then she

cancelled my comic and told me to collect it from another shop, further away. I

was sorry about that. A couple of weeks later I heard my mother telling Mrs 35

White about it. She said the women dealt in unnatural passions. I though she

meant they put chemicals in their sweets.

**Q1**

Read again the first part of the source, lines 1 to 7.

List **four** details about the area in which the narrator lived.

A

B

C

D

**[4 marks]**

**Q2 [AO2 - language]**

Look in detail at this extract from lines 8 to 20 of the source:

Our house was almost at the top of a long, stretchy street. A flagged street with

a cobbly road. When you climbed to the top of the hill and looked down you

could see everything. Over to the right was the viaduct and behind the viaduct 10

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dodgems. We used to have fights round the caravans, the ones like me, from the

street, we fought the posh ones from the Avenue. The posh ones went to Brownies

and didn't stay for school dinners. 20

How does the writer use language here to create vivid memories from her youth?

You could include the writer’s choice of:

• words and phrases

• language features and techniques

• sentence forms. **[8 marks]**

**Q3**

You now need to think about the **whole** of the **source.**

This text is from the opening of a novel.

How has the writer structured the text to interest you as a reader?

You could write about:

• what the writer focuses your attention on at the beginning

• how and why the writer changes this focus as the extract develops

• any other structural features that interest you. **[8 marks]**

**Q4 [AO4 - evaluate with reference]**

Focus this part of your answer on the second half of the source, **from line 21 to**

**the end.** A student, having read this section of the text said: “The writer skilfully

conveys theprejudice of the mother and the naivety of the child. It is really convincing.”

To what extent do you agree?

In your response, you should:

• write about your own impressions of the narrator as a child and of her mother

• evaluate how the writer has created these impressions

• support your opinions with quotations from the text. **[20 marks]**