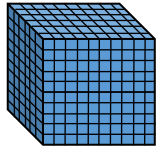
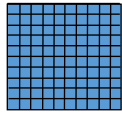


B
Sue uses Base 10 to represent decimals.




= 1 whole



= 1 tenth



= 1 hundredth

 = 1 thousandth

Use Base 10 to draw:


- 3 wholes, 3 tenths, 3 hundredths and 3 thousandths
- 2 tenths, 3 hundredths and 5 thousandths
- 1.356


Use the place value charts to fill in the missing information.


Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
1	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1		

Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
	0.1	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01	

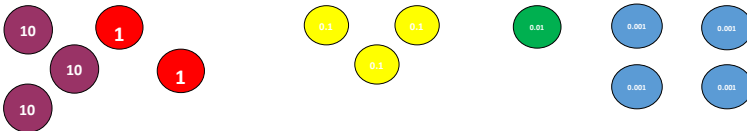
Ones	Tenths	Hundredths	Thousandths
		0.01	

 =tenths

 = hundredths

 =thousandths

Fill in the missing gaps.



There are tens,ones,tenths..... hundredths and thousandths.

The number in digits is.....

Record the value of the underlined digit.

210.613

12.402

408.215

7,602.023

3,271.24

How many hundredths are there in 7 tenths?

How many hundredths are there in 20 thousandths?

How many tenths in 30 hundredths?