Yarm Primary School				
Year 3	Stone Age	Would you rather live in the Stone Age or I	ron Age?	
Key Chang	ges and Events	<u>Timeline</u>	<u>Skara Brae</u>	
3000BC	The village of Skara Brae is built in Orkney. The people who live there are beginning to farm their own food and build homes instead of travelling from place to place.	Stone Age Bronze Age Iron Age earth that had is a village of by covered of the house same time. T	Skara Brae was discovered after a storm in AD 1850 removed the earth that had been covering it. It is a village of eight houses, linked by covered passageways. Not all of the houses were built at the same time. The later ones are	
	Construction starts on Stonehenge in Wiltshire. It will take around 1000 years for it to be finished.	Stone Age Life  The Stone Age is named after the stone tools that the earliest humans used to help them survive. They used them to kill animals, such as mammoths, for their meat, bone marrow and skins. The bones were also useful for making tools, such as needles to sew skins together. People in the Stone Age moved around from place to place with the seasons, in order to keep safe and warm and to follow the animals they hunted.  slightly bigger but they have very similar features, such as a central firepit and stone shelves. The village tells us a lot about life in the late Stone Age, including what people ate and what sort of tools they used.		
2500BC	'Bell Beaker' culture arrives in Britain. These people are named for their distinctive decorative pottery.			
2100BC	Bronze begins to be used in Britain to make weapons and tools.			
1800BC	The first large copper mines are dua.	Stonehenge		
1200BC	'Celtic' culture begins to arrive in Britain and tribal kingdoms develop.	Stonehenge is a famous prehistoric monument in southern England, built at the end of the Stone Age and into the Bronze Age. Originally, it was just an earthwork and up to 150 people were buried		
800BC	Iron begins to be used in Britain to make tools and weapons, instead of bronze.	there. The huge stones that we see were added different stages. Some were brought from 240 m	in	
	The first hillforts are constructed.	in Wales. No one really knows why it was built.		
AD 43	The Romans invade Britain.			

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Key Vocabulary		Round Houses	Suggested Activities	
Bronze	A metal alloy made from a mixture of copper and tin. It is a much harder and more long-lasting material than stone or copper alone.	a. thick thatch b. door c. wattle d. daud e. timber frame f. upright loom	Collect stones and draw Stone Age pictures on the	
Alloy	A metal made by combining two or more metals to improve its properties.	g. hearth (fire) h. beds i. logs for sitting on  Hillforts	Research to find out what life was like in the Stone	
Settlement	A place where people establish a community.	People in the Bronze Age and Iron Ag These could be very large and would	have housed many they wore and the food	
earthwork	A large bank or mound of soil that has been made on purpose	people. One household might have h living and one for cooking and making	nad two houses, one for they ate.	
Celt	A modern term for the people living in Europe during the Iron Age. The 'Celts' were made up of many different tribes. The word 'Celt' comes from a Greek word.	Age, these houses were sometimes re often gathered in farming communitie known as 'hillforts'. Between 500 and Britain were dominated by hillforts. The provided a home for hundreds, and la people.	Stonehenge? Draw it, males on hills. These were 100 BC, many parts of ese settlements  Stonehenge? Draw it, male it! Get creative.  Find out the three parts, the stone Age is split into. Who	
Sacrifice	To give something up as an offering to a god or gods	<u>Druids</u>		
Tribe	A group of people, often related through family, culture and language, usually with one leader.	Druids were the priests of the tribes we call 'Celts'. Their job was to communicate with the more than 400 gods that the people of the tribes believed in. They believed the gods lived in nature. The main festivals were based around important times in the farming year. The Druids sacrificed food, precious objects and even humans to keep the gods happy. Druids were also like doctors and lawyers. They found cures in plants and resolved disagreements. Their opinions were more important than those of the king. It took at least 20 years to train to be a Druid. However, we only know about them from what the Romans wrote down.		
Iron	A metal that is stronger and harder than bronze.			